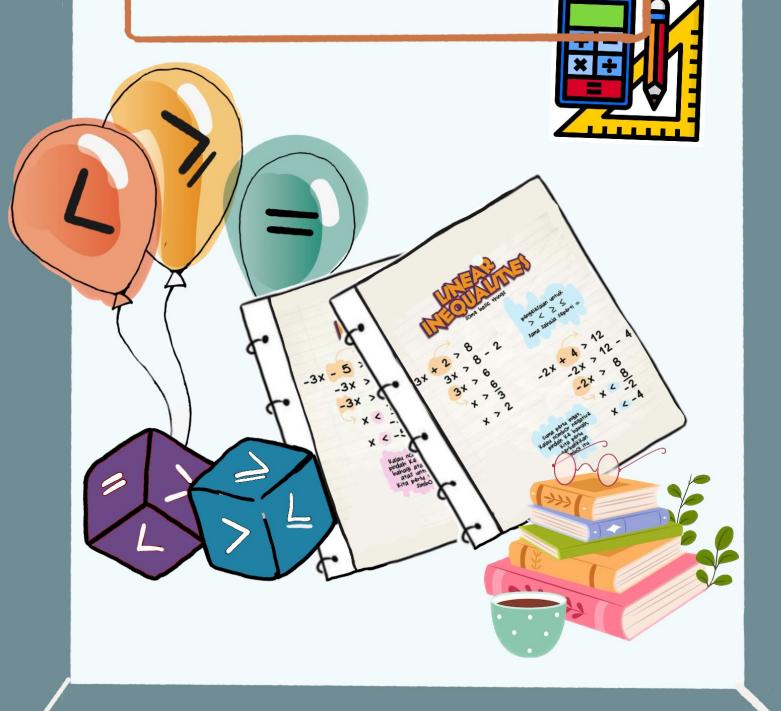


# LINEAR NEOUALITY



Solve the inequality.

$$3n-11 > 5n-18$$
 [2]  
 $-2n > -7$   
 $n < 7/2$ 

#### **Question 2**

(a) Solve the inequality.

$$x+13 \geqslant 3x+7$$

$$-2x \geqslant -6$$

$$x \leqslant 3$$
[2]

(b) List the positive integers that satisfy the inequality in part(a).

# **Question 3**

Find the positive integers that satisfy the inequality t+2 > 3t-6.

[1]

#### **Question 4**

Solve the inequality.

$$n+7 < 5n-8$$
 [2]  
-4n  $\langle -15$   
 $n > \frac{15}{4}$   
 $n > 3 \frac{3}{4}$  The Maths Society

Solve the inequality.

$$6n + 3 > 8n$$
 [2]  
 $-2n > -3$   
 $n < \frac{3}{2}$   
 $n < 1\frac{1}{2}$ 

#### **Question 6**

Solve the inequality for positive integer values of x.

$$\frac{21+x}{5} > x+1$$

$$21+x > 5x+5$$

$$-4x > -16$$

$$x < 4$$

# **Question 7**

Solve the inequality.

$$5t + 23 < 17 - 2t$$
 [2]  
 $7t < -6$   
 $t < -\frac{6}{7}$ 

# **Question 8**

Solve the inequality.

$$\frac{\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x-2}{3} < 5}{\frac{3x+2x-4}{6}} < 5$$

$$5x-4 < 30$$

$$5x < 34$$

$$x < 6\%$$
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Solve the inequality.

$$3x-1 \le 11x+2$$

$$-3 \le 8x$$

$$x \ge -\frac{3}{8}$$

# **Question 1**

Solve the inequality.

$$\frac{2x-3}{5} - \frac{x}{3} \le 2$$

$$6x - 9 - 5x \le 2$$

$$x - 9 \le 30$$

$$x \le 39$$

# **Question 2**

x is a positive integer and 15x - 43 < 5x + 2.

Work out the possible values of x.

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[3]

Solve the inequality.

$$3y + 7 \leq 2 - y$$

$$4y \leq 5$$

$$y \leq \frac{5}{4}$$

$$y \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

#### **Question 4**

Solve the inequality.

$$2x+5 < \frac{x-1}{4}$$
 [3]

$$8x-20 < x-1$$
 $7x < 19$ 
 $x < \frac{19}{7}$ 
 $x < 2\frac{5}{7}$ 

#### **Question 5**

$$6(2 - 3x) - 4(1 - 2x) \le 0.$$

$$12 - 18x - 4 + 8x \le 0$$

$$-10x + 8 \le 0$$

### **Question 6**

Solve the inequality 
$$\frac{2-5x}{7} < \frac{2}{5}$$

$$10-25x < 14$$

$$-25x < 4$$

$$x > \frac{4}{25}$$

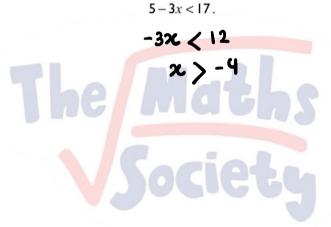
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Solve the inequality

$$4-5x < 2(x+4)$$
. [3]  
 $4-5x < 2x + 8$   
 $-7x < 4$   
 $x > -4/3$ 

# **Question 8**

Solve the inequality [2]



# **Question 9**

(a) Solve the inequality 
$$5 - \frac{2x}{3} > \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{4}$$

$$\frac{15 - 2x}{3} > \frac{2 + x}{4}$$

$$60 - 8x > 6 + 3x$$

$$54 > 11x | x < 4 = \frac{10}{11}$$

$$x < \frac{54}{4}$$

(b) List the positive integers which satisfy the inequality

$$5 - \frac{2x}{3} > \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{4}$$

$$2x = 1, 2, 3, 4$$

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Find the integers which satisfy the inequality.

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
-5 < 2n-1 \le 5 & [3] \\
-5 < 2n-1 & 5 \\
2n-1 & 5 \\
-4 < 2n & 2n & 6 \\
-2 < n & 3
\end{array}$$

#### **Question 2**

# **Question 3**

(a) Solve 
$$3n + 23 < n + 41$$
.

2n  $< 18$ 
 $= \frac{3 \times 11}{-23}$ 
 $= \frac{18}{18}$ 

(b) Factorise completely 
$$ab + bc + ad + cd$$
. [2]
$$b(a+c) + d(a+c)$$

$$(a+c) (b+d)$$

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List all the prime numbers which satisfy this inequality.

#### **Question 5**

Solve the inequality

$$\frac{2x-5}{8} > \frac{x+4}{3}.$$

$$6x-15 > 8x+32$$

$$-2x > 47$$

$$2 < -23.5$$

#### **Question 6**